MANAGING MENTAL HEALTH DURING COVID-19 OUTBREAK

As news of COVID-19 begins to surface it is natural to experience periods of: stress, anxiety, fear, sadness, frustration, helplessness, isolation, difficulty sleeping or concentration, or physical symptoms such as increased heart rate, upset stomach, or low energy.

FOR KIDS

Help them to express their feelings	 Every child has their own way to express emotions *Tip: try engaging in creative activities
Keep children close to their caregivers if possible	 Avoid separating children and other family members If separated from their caregiver try to ensure twice daily communication
Maintain routines	 Continue in typical routines as much as possible Provide engaging learning activities for children Encourage play and socialization with others, even if only with family
Discuss COVID-19 with children in age appropriate way	 Address their concerns as it may help ease their anxiety Children will observe adults' behaviours and emotions as cues for how to manage their own emotions

FOR OLDER ADULTS

For older adults in isolation or with cognitive decline/dementia	 Provide practical and emotional support through informal networks (families) and health professionals This seeks to decrease anxiety, anger, stress, and agitation
If you have an underlying health condition	 Make sure to have access to medications Activate social contacts to provide you with assistance if needed
Communicate simple facts about COVID-19 and how to reduce risk of infection in older adults	 Provide instructions that are clear, concise, and respectful Be patient, and repeat information when necessary

MANAGING STRESS AND ANXIETY

Stay connected	Set limits around news and social media
Make time to unwind	Seek accurate information from credible sources*